

Calibration Report

Short Version



Camera:	UltraCam X, S/N UCX-SX-1-60212452
Manufacturer:	Vexcel Imaging GmbH, A-8010 Graz, Austria
Date of Calibration:	Feb-11-2008
Date of Report:	Feb-19-2008
Camera Revision:	1.0
Revision of Report:	1.0

Calibration Report

Geometric Calibration



Camera:	UltraCam X, S/N UCX-SX-1-60212452
Manufacturer:	Vexcel Imaging GmbH, A-8010 Graz, Austria
Panchromatic Camera:	ck = 100.500mm
Multispectral Camera:	ck = 100.500mm
Date of Calibration:	Feb-11-2008
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Panchromatic Camera

Large Format Panchromatic Output Image

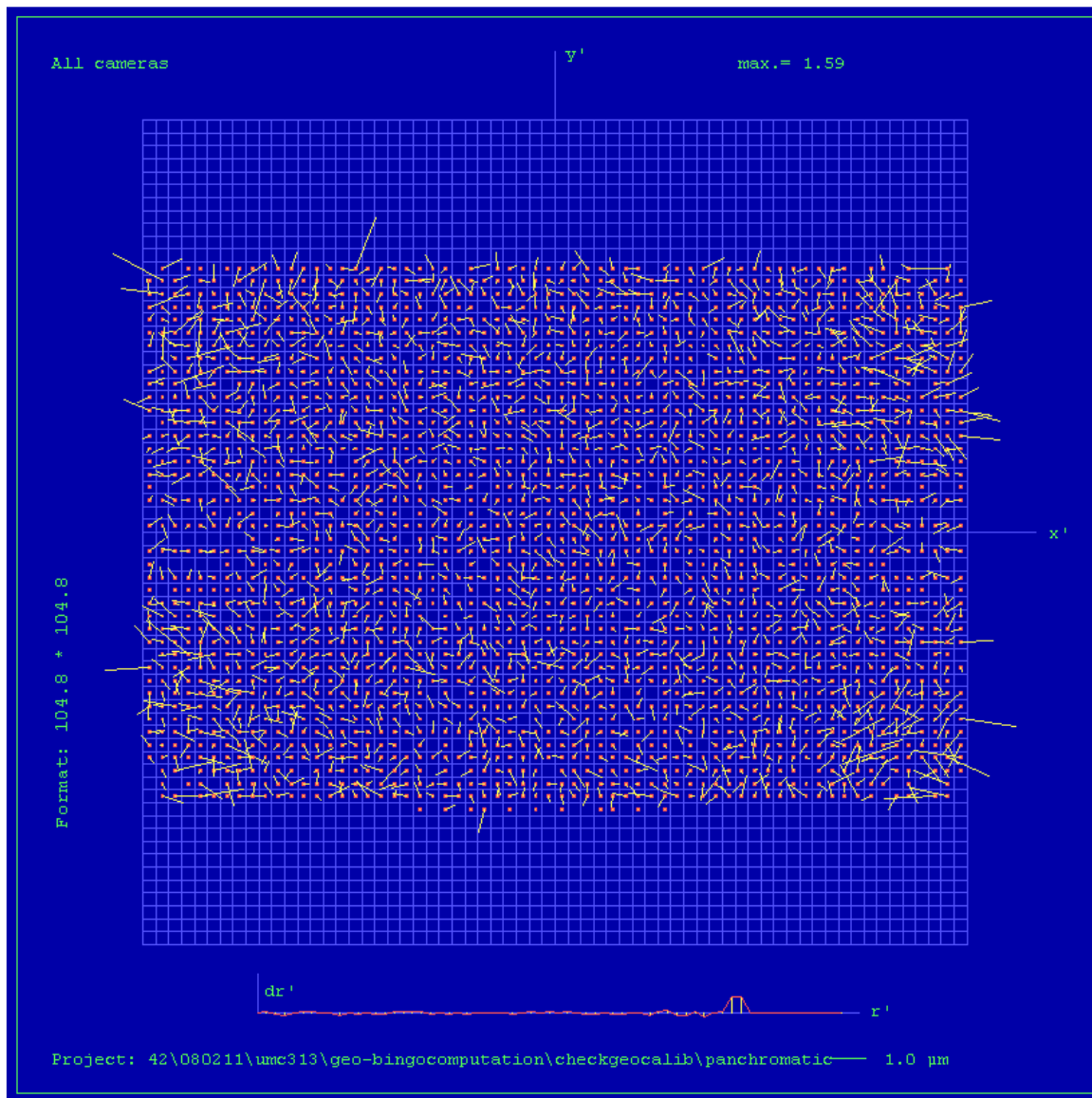
Image Format	long track	67.824mm	9420pixel
	cross track	103.896mm	14430pixel
Image Extent		(-33.91, -51.95)mm	(33.91, 51.95)mm
Pixel Size		7.200μm*7.200μm	
Focal Length	ck	100.500mm	± 0.002mm
Principal Point	X_ppa	0.000 mm	± 0.002mm
(Level 2)	Y_ppa	0.144 mm	± 0.002mm
Lens Distortion	Remaining Distortion less than 0.002mm		

Multispectral Camera

Medium Format Multispectral Output Image (Upscaled to panchromatic image format)

Image Format	long track	67.824mm	3140pixel
	cross track	103.896mm	4810pixel
Image Extent		(-33.91, -51.95)mm	(33.91, 51.95)mm
Pixel Size		21.600μm*21.600μm	
Focal Length	ck	100.500mm	
Principal Point	X_ppa	0.000 mm	± 0.002mm
(Level 2)	Y_ppa	0.144 mm	± 0.002mm
Lens Distortion	Remaining Distortion less than 0.002mm		

Full Pan Image, Residual Error Diagram



Residual Error (RMS): 0.65 μm

Explanations:**1) Calibration Method:**

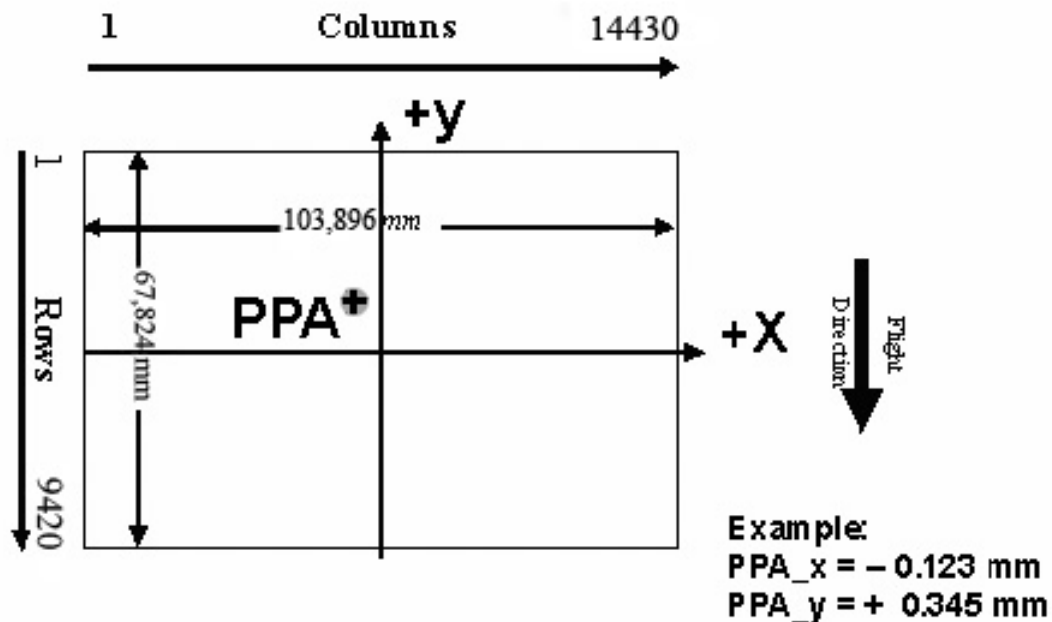
The geometric calibration is based on a set of 84 images of a defined geometry target with 240 GCPs.

Number of point measurements for the panchromatic camera : 19388
 Number of point measurements for the multispectral camera : 64864

Determination of the image parameters by Least Squares Adjustment.
 Software used for the adjustment: BINGO (GIP Eng. Aalen, Germany)

2) Level 2 Image Coordinate System: PAN 14430 pixel by 9420 pixel
 MS 4810 pixel by 3140 pixel

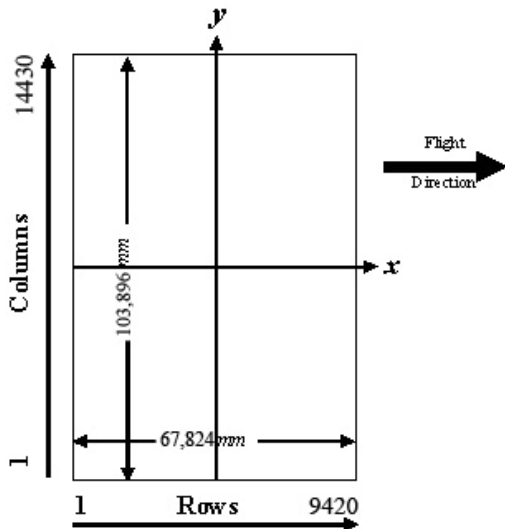
Lvl2, Camera prop. Orientation



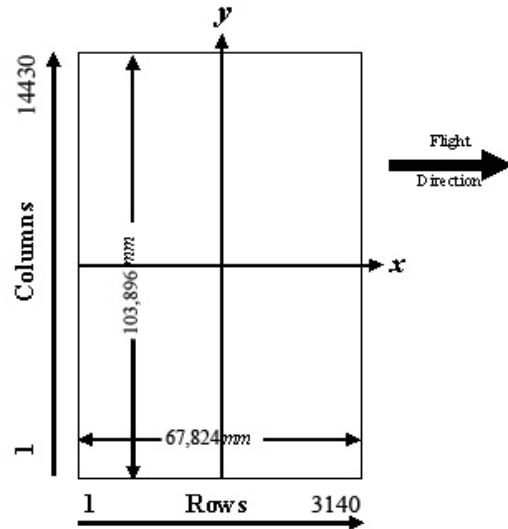
The image coordinate system of the Level 2 images is shown in the above figure. The level 2 image consists of 11500 columns and 7500 rows, which leads to a total image format of 103.5 * 67.5 mm. The coordinate of the principal point in the level 2 image is given on page 3 of this report. The above figure shows the position of an example principal point at the coordinate (-0.123 / 0.345).

3) Level 3 Image Coordinate System: (after rotation of 270° CW)

PAN 14430 pixel by 9420 pixel
MS 4810 pixel by 3140 pixel



Panchromatic Image Format



Multispectral Image Format

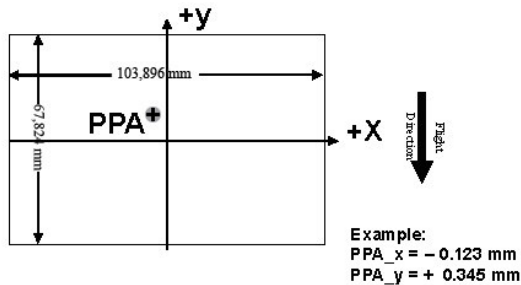
4) Position of Principal Point in Level 3 Image

The position of the principal point in the level 3 image depends on the “rotation” setting used in the OPC during the pan-sharpening step. The exact position relative to the image center is given in the table below as a function of the rotation setting used in the OPC. The coordinates are specified for clockwise (CW) rotation in steps of 90 degrees, according to the principal point coordinate given on page 3 for high- and low resolution images.

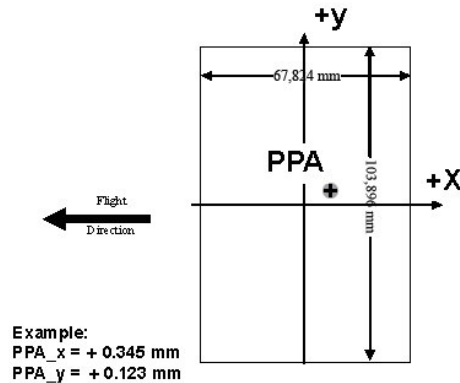
Image Format	Clockwise Rotation (Degree)	PPA	
		X	Y
Level 2	-	0.000	0.144
Level 3	0	0.000	0.144
Level 3	90	0.144	0.000
Level 3	180	0.000	-0.144
Level 3	270	-0.144	0.000

The coordinates in the figure below are only example values to illustrate the effect of image rotation on the principal point position, and do **not** correspond to the camera described in this report.

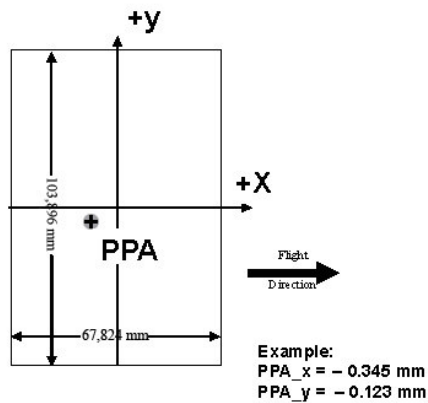
Lvl3, Rotation 0 deg clockwise



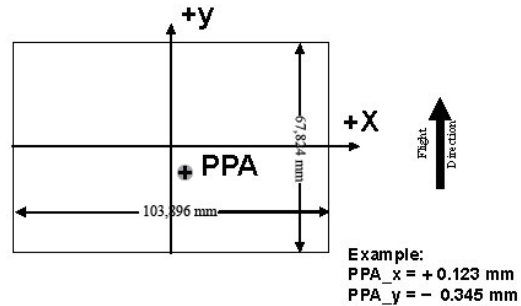
Lvl3, Rotation 90 deg clockwise



Lvl3, Rotation 270 deg clockwise



Lvl3, Rotation 180 deg clockwise

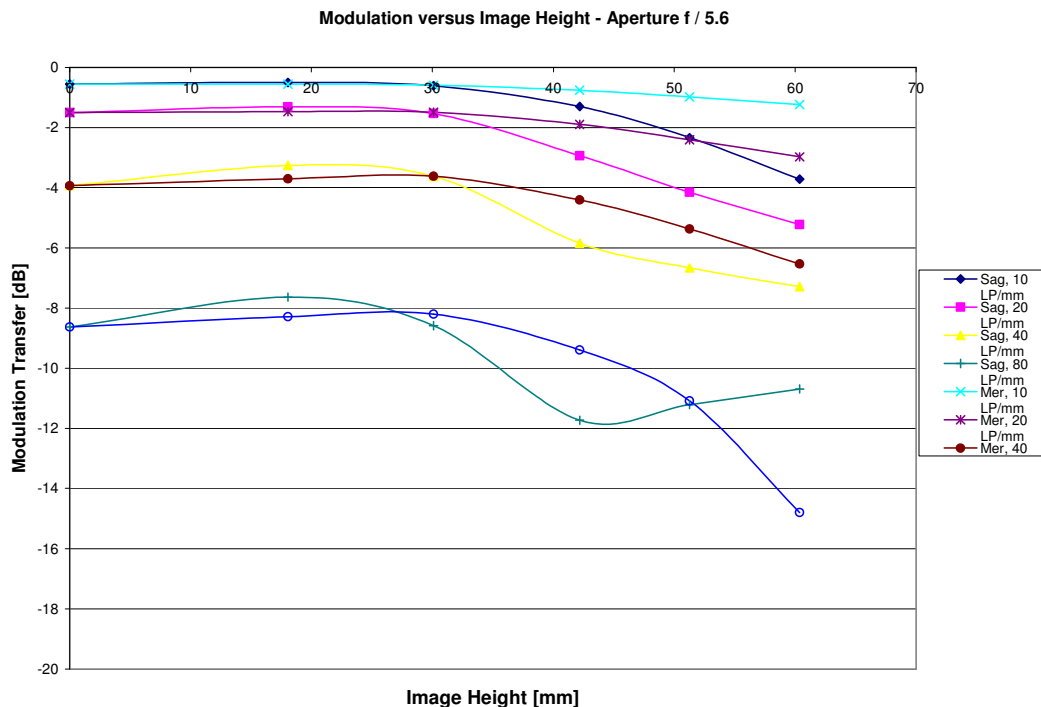


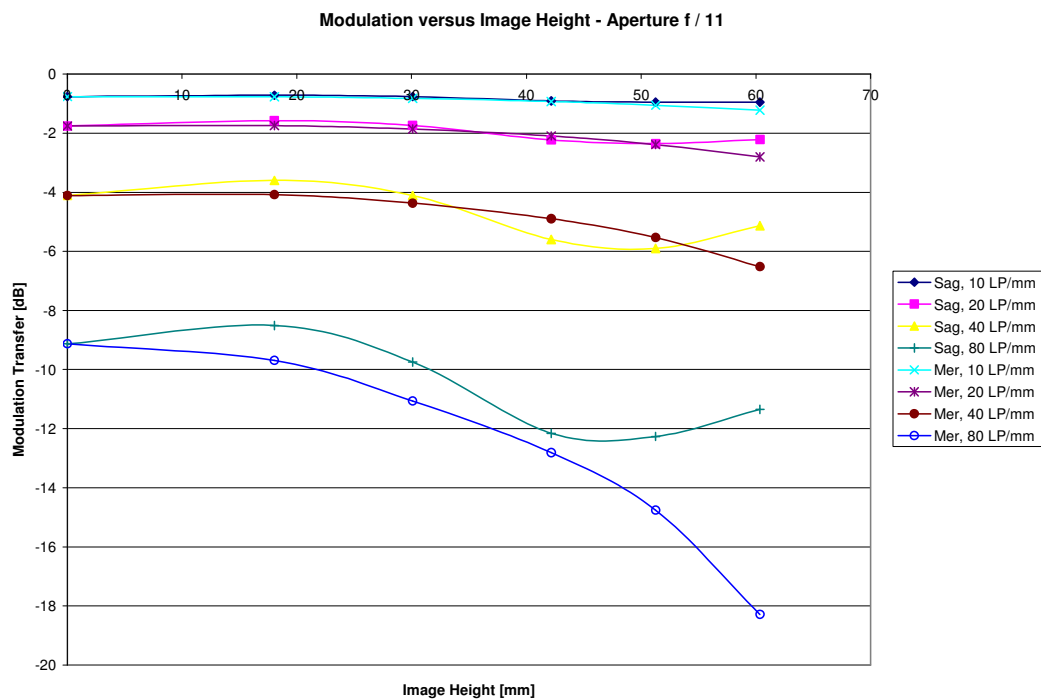
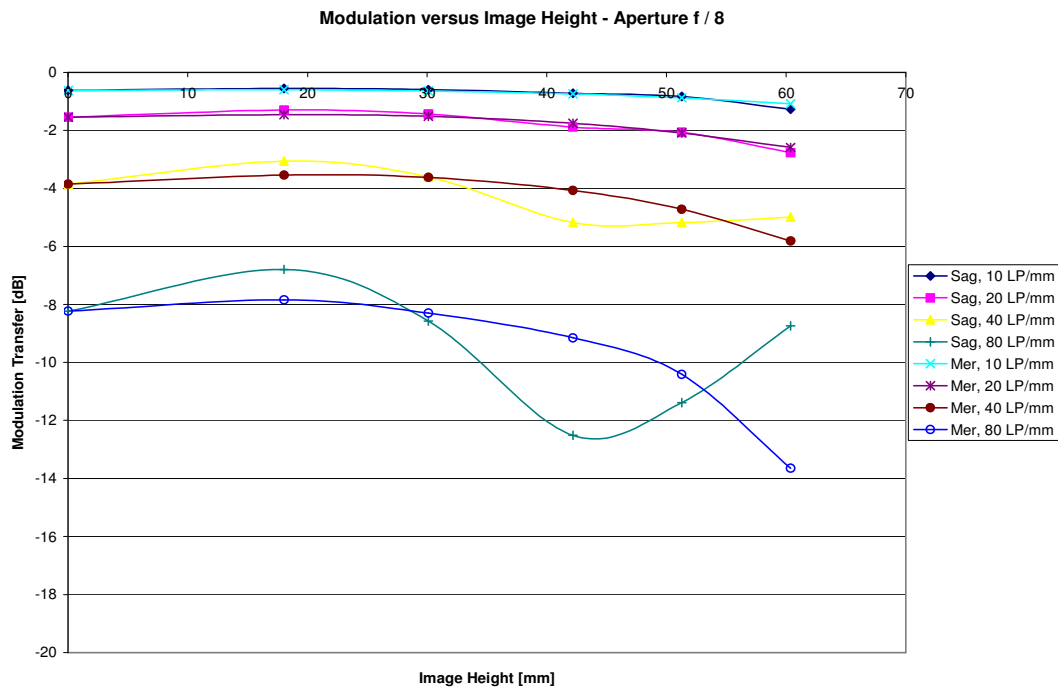
Lens Resolving Power

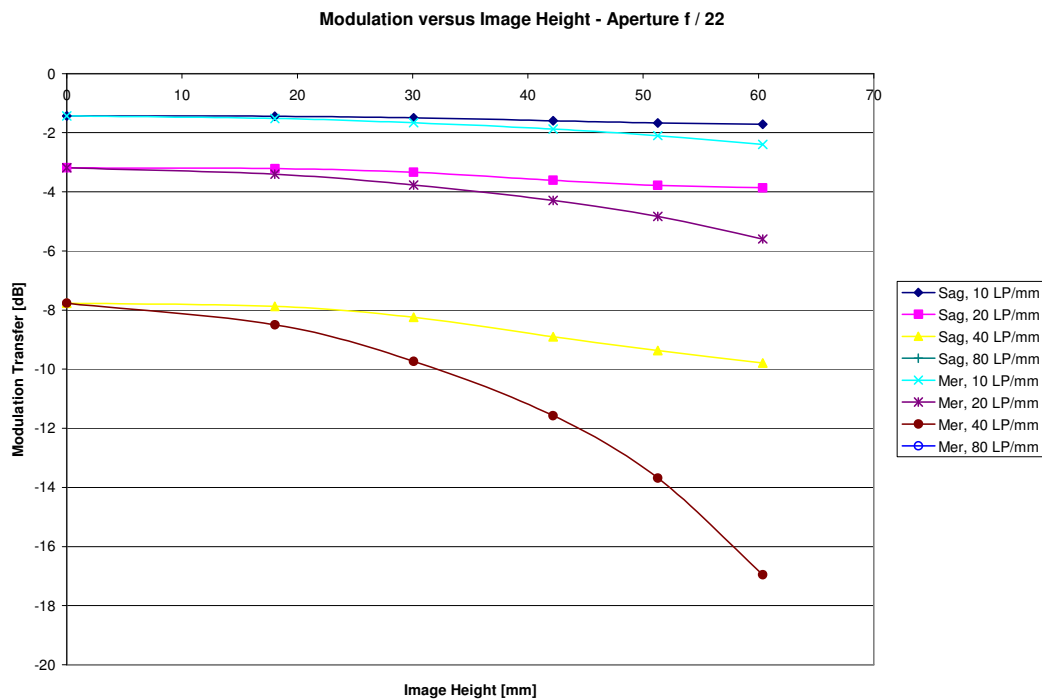
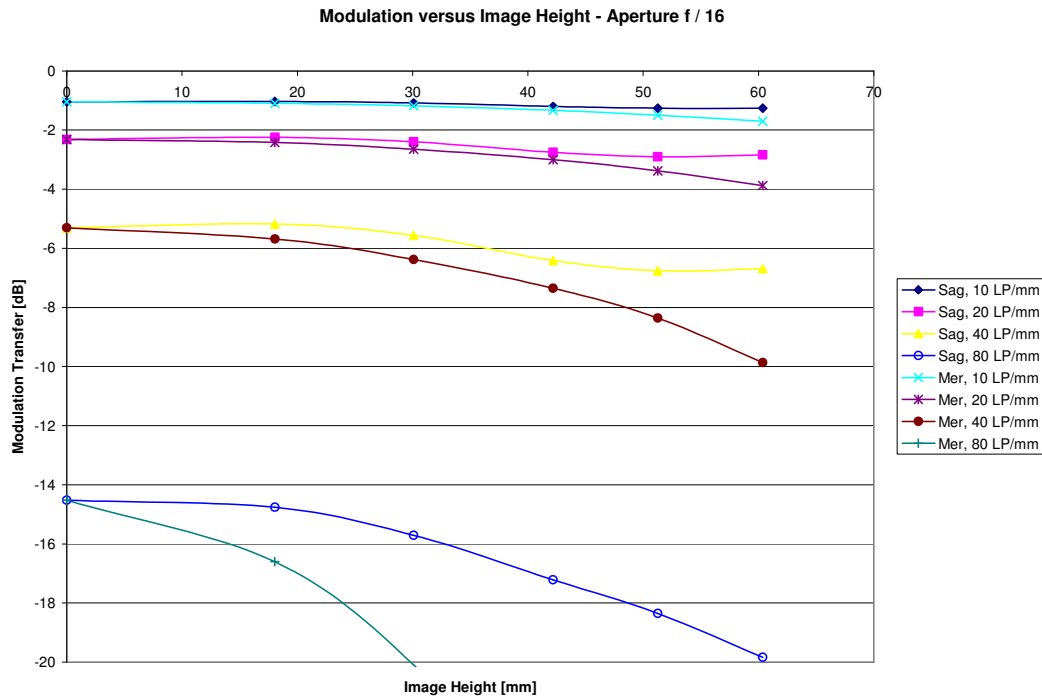
The following curves show the development of the modulation transfer function across different image heights of the panchromatic cones.

The curves are given for the meridional (tangential) and sagital (radial) component of signals at frequencies of 10, 20, 40 and 80 line pairs per millimeter.

As the MTF is a function of the specific aperture size used, one set of curves is given for each aperture size.







Calibration Report

Radiometric Calibration



Camera:	UltraCam X, S/N UCX-SX-1-60212452
Manufacturer:	Vexcel Imaging GmbH, A-8010 Graz, Austria
Panchromatic Camera:	Apertures: f/5.6, f/8, f/11, f/16, f/22 (All Pan)
Multispectral Camera:	Apertures: f/4, f/5.6, f/8, f/11, f/16 (Red, Green, NIR) f/2.8, f/4, f/5.6, f/8, f/11 (Blue)
Date of Calibration:	Feb-11-2008
Date of Report:	Feb-19-2008
Camera Revision:	1.0
Revision of Report:	1.0

Explanations:**Calibration Method:**

The radiometric calibration is based on a series of 60 flat field images for each aperture size and sensor. The flat field is illuminated by eight normal light lamps with known spectral illumination curves.

These images are used to calculate the specific sensitivity of each pixel to compensate local as well as global variations in sensitivity. Sensitivity tables are calculated for each sensor and aperture setting, and applied during post processing from level 0 to level 1.

Outlier Pixels that do not have a linear behavior as described in the CCD specifications are marked as defective during the calibration procedure. These pixels are not used or only partially used during post processing and the information is restored by interpolation between the neighborhood pixels surrounding the defective pixels.

Certain pixels that are named Qmax pixels due to the fact that they can only store and transfer charge up to a certain maximum amount are detected in an additional calibration step. These pixels are treated differently during post processing, since their behavior can affect not only single pixel values but whole columns.

Calibration Report

Summary



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Manufacturer: Vexcel Imaging GmbH, A-8010 Graz, Austria

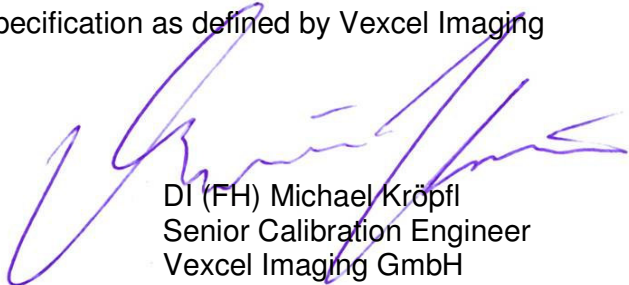
Date of Calibration: Feb-11-2008
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The following calibrations have been performed for the above mentioned digital aerial mapping camera:

- Geometric Calibration
- Verification of Lens Quality and Sensor Adjustment
- Radiometric Calibration
- Calibration of Defective Pixel Elements
- Shutter Calibration
- Sensor and Electronics Calibration

This equipment is operating fully within specification as defined by Vexcel Imaging GmbH.


Dr. Michael Gruber
Chief Scientist, Photogrammetry
Vexcel Imaging GmbH


DI (FH) Michael Kröpf
Senior Calibration Engineer
Vexcel Imaging GmbH